	Gotham Primary MFL Overview: French										
Substantive Knowledge: Vocabulary (Pillar 2)											
	Year 3 2024-25	Year 4/5 2024-25 Year 4 2025-26	Year 5/6 2025-26	Year 6 2024-25							
<u>Numbers</u>	• 1-20	Prior learning + • Counting in multiples of 10 up to 100 • 1-69 • Number operations + - X ÷	Prior learning + • 71-100 • Counting in 100s - 1000	 Prior learning + Partitioning a four-digit number or date; link to teaching of Roman Numerals Read and spell numbers accurately 							
	Days of the weekWeather (beau/pleut/froid)	 Days of the week Months of the year (Date) Weather (more options) 	Date including yearBirthdayWeather	 Write the dates, weather and numbers accurately. 							
Topics and Associated Vocabulary											
	Moil	Year 3 content recapped +	Year 3 content recapped +	Year 3 content recapped +							
	 Salut/Bonjour/Au revioir Je m'appelle / Comment tu-t'appelles? 	Moi !	Year 4 content recapped +	Year 4 content recapped +							
	• Comment ça va/allez-vous? Ca va bien/	 Quelle est ton adresse?/ Où habites- tu? J'habite à 	<u>Moil</u>	Year 5 content recapped +							
Autumn	 ça ne vas pas/ comme ci comme ca Quel âge as-tu? J'ai Different greetings for different situations; Formal/informal language Parts of the body PE instructions/verbs 	 Family members Pets rooms in the home Hobbies/Activities 	 Parts of the body Describe eyes and hair Height Clothes (to describe) Feelings/emotions 	Shopping • Shops • Food • Clothes • Je voudrais / C'est combien? • Money up to 500 € • Les calcus / number operations							
Spring	L'école • Classroom instructions • Classroom equipment • Colours • Items of clothing (school uniform) • un/une relating to masculine & feminine nouns	 <u>Shopping</u> Greetings/Polite phrases Food J'aime/Je n'aime pas/ J'adore/ Je déteste Clothes (addition to uniform) 	<u>J'ai faim!</u> J'ai faim/ j'ai soif Restaurant/café Breakfast items Sandwich types Qu'est-ce tu préfères? Je préfère Pizzas and pizza toppings	 <u>En France!</u> Countries neighbouring France French cities Habiter conjugated Nager/ faire une promenade/ acheter/ regarder un film/ prier /apprendre / prendre le train Places/Buildings Prepositions 							
Summer	 J'ai faim! Food J'aime/Je n'aime pas/ J'adore/ Je déteste describe the colour or size of an object; ask politely for something. 	Time and Travel • Seasons • Transport • Quelle heure est-il? (hour and half past)	<u>L'école</u> • School subjects • Time (et quart ; moins le quart)	Eurovision • European countries (focusing on those neighbouring France) • Sharing opinions, using adjectives. <u>Time and L'école</u> • Time (5min increments) • a.m. and p.m du matin, de l'après-midi and du soir • School Timetable • Opinions							
	 Vocabulary to be continuously revisited throughout year and in later year groups; focus initially on speaking and listening before extending to reading and writing in UKS2. Opportunities to learn about and discuss festivals such as International Day of Languages and Christmas will also be celebrated throughout the year. 										

🖉 Gotham	Primary French Progression	Planning: D	isciplinary Knowledge					
Listening and Speaking/Oracy								
National Curriculum Statements	Year 3 2024-25	Year 4/5 2024-25 Year 4 2025-26	Year 5/6 2025-26	Year 6 2024-25				
Children listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding.	Repeat modelled words and short phrases; listen and show understanding of short phrases through a physical response.	As prior year group, + applying	Listen, understand simple sentences containing familiar words through physical response; understand some detail from short, spoken French material.	As prior year group, + applying				
Children engage in conversation; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help.	Recognise, reply and ask familiar questions.	progression vocabulary from Year 3 and 4.	Engage in a longer conversation, reducing the need for prompts. Express a wider range of opinions.	progression vocabulary from Year 3-6.				
Children speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structure.	Use familiar vocabulary to say a sentence in French.		Vary language and produce extended responses.	Recall prior				
Children develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are using familiar words and phrases.	Use role play to indicate when to ask or respond appropriately.		Adapt intonation; use expression to communicate questions and responses. Appreciate impact of accents on sound when pronouncing words. Start to apply French phonics (pillar 1) to spoken French.	learning and long term language structures in a non- scripted way.				
Children present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences.	Present rehearsed ideas to a partner or adult.		Apply rehearsed ideas with reduced need for a scaffold.					
Children describe people, places, things and actions orally.	Use adjectives to describe nouns.		Apply a wider range of vocabulary, including adjectives in different contexts.					
	Reading and Wri	ting/Literacy						
Children can read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing.	Decode sound–symbol correspondences (how different combinations of letters map to different sounds) through modelling of French systematic synthetic phonics (Pillar 1). Recognise sounds or words studied. Retrieve information from French text of an appropriate level of challenge and length.	As prior year group, + applying progression vocabulary from Year 3 and 4.	Retrieve information from French text of an appropriate level of challenge and length.	As prior year group, + applying progression vocabulary from Year 3-6.				
Children broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary.	Identify words when modelled.		Apply English reading comprehension skills to decode vocabulary from context of familiar words. Use a bilingual dictionary to identify unfamiliar words.					
Children develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud familiar words and phrases.	Identify and replicated sounds from modelling.		Recall and apply knowledge familiar words.					
Children write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.	Write words or a simple sentence with use of scaffold.		Replace vocabulary in phrases to create new sentences.					
Children describe people, places, things and actions in writing.	Use simple adjectives, for example colours.		Use a wider range of adjectives where appropriate.					
	Grammar (F							
Children understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant):	Grammar terminology and word class usage in line with Year 3, 4, 5 and 6 National Curriculum English grammar expectations and our Rainbow Grammar progression. (See English Appendix 2 and Gotham Rainbow Grammar Progression).							
feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.	Understand some nouns are masculine and some are feminine; use appropriate determiners and adjectival agreements when appropriate. Use verbs correctly.	+ applying progression vocabulary.	Use first, second and third person when appropriate with appropriate conjugation. Conjugate a wider range of verbs with greater precision and accuracy. Use a bilingual dictionary to identify word class and gender. Observe agreement on verbs and adjectives where appropriate.	+ applying progression vocabulary. + introduction of present and past tense				

Stories, Songs, Poems and Rhymes							
Children explore the patterns and sounds of language	Listen and identify specific words or phrases in	As prior year	Apply specific words or phrases in songs or rhymes and	As prior year			
through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound	songs or rhymes and demonstrate understanding.		demonstrate understanding.	group,			
and meaning of words.		+ applying	Using and applying this in different contexts (reading,	+ applying			
		progression	listening, speaking and writing).	progression			
		vocabulary from		vocabulary from			
		Year 3 and 4.		Year 3-6.			